ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2019



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AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

JUNE 30, 2019

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Independent auditors' report

To the Board of Education Wilmot Union High School District Wilmot, Wisconsin

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wilmot Union High School District, Wilmot, Wisconsin (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



OTHER MATTERS

Prior Year Summarized Financial Information

The 2018 financial statements were audited by Schenck SC, whose practice became part of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP as of January 1, 2019, and whose report dated November 28, 2018, expressed unmodified opinions on those respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information from which the prior year summarized financial information was derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and the schedules relating to pensions and other postemployment benefits on pages 34 to 37 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of expenditures of state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction, are also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of expenditures of state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP Green Bay, Wisconsin November 26, 2019

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities				
	2019	2018			
ASSETS	• • • • • • • • • •	A 0.450.000			
Cash and investments	\$ 3,025,206	\$ 8,152,202			
Receivables Taxes	4,025,886	3,602,208			
Accounts	52,130	36,150			
Due from other governments	294,197	315,847			
Prepaid items	21,125	9,948			
Net pension asset	7)	1,663,451			
Assets held for resale	15,686	18,350			
Capital assets Nondepreciable	710,000	710,000			
Depreciable	35,201,113	35,579,528			
	()				
Total assets	43,345,343	50,087,684			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Loss on advance refunding	857,739	1,048,347			
Pension related amounts	5,211,169	2,804,638			
Other postemployment related amounts	119,931	131,618			
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,188,839	3,984,603			
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	155,978	250,514			
Accrued and other current liabilities	198,849	154,848			
Accrued interest payable	192,300	293,500			
Long-term obligations Due in one year	3,722,289	7,304,118			
Due in more than one year	19,366,935	23,159,479			
Other postemployment benefits liability					
Due in one year	119,930	131,618			
Due in more than one year	781,121	1,007,805			
Net pension liability	2,017,757				
Total liabilities	26,555,159	32,301,882			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related amounts	2,811,505	3,306,637			
Other postemployment related amounts	217,097	27,481			
Gain on debt refunding	70,255				
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,098,857	3,334,118			
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	13,609,373	10,494,278			
Restricted	2,338,510	3,111,155			
Unrestricted	3,932,283	4,830,854			
Total net position	\$ 19,880,166	\$ 18,436,287			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Progr	rogram Revenues				
Functions/Programs		Charges for Expenses Services		-	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributio		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Instruction	\$	8,087,236	\$	1,063,062	\$	1,089,363	\$		
Support services		8,450,500		693,024		113,185		-	
Community services		75,018		39,910		-		7	
Non-program		1,033,172		1 7 8		-		=	
Interest and fiscal charges		783,999				-		5	
Depreciation - unallocated	-	1,145,112			-	=		5	
Total governmental activities	\$	19,575,037	\$	1,795,996	_\$	1,202,548	\$		

General revenues Property taxes Other taxes State and federal aids not restricted to specific functions Interest and investment earnings Gain on disposal of capital assets Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - July 1

Net position - June 30

a	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
	Government	tal Activities							
_	2019	2018							
\$	(5,934,811)	\$ (6,161,833)							
	(7,644,291)	(6,727,352)							
	(35,108)	(33,595)							
	(1,033,172)	(893,315)							
	(783,999)	(934,823)							
	(1,145,112)	(1,090,273)							
_	(16,576,493)	(15,841,191)							
	12,689,607 30,963	12,169,231 31,442							
	5.091.329	5,433,415							
	147,936	58,135							
	9,591	2,100							
_	50,946	56,726							
	18,020,372	17,751,049							
	1,443,879	1,909,858							
a—	18,436,287	16,526,429							
\$	19,880,166	\$ 18,436,287							

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

	General		Non-Referendum Debt Service		Referendum Debt Service		Gov	Other ernmental Funds
ASSETS			GX.		·			
Cash and investments	\$	2,384,491	\$	83,013	\$	3,825	\$	553,877
Receivables								
Taxes		2,134,971		89,000		1,750,915		51,000
Accounts		52,040				-		90
Due from other funds		3		-		-		024
Due from other governments		294,197		-		221		Nati
Prepaid items		21,125		2		20		
Assets held for resale		15,686		220				
Total assets	_\$	4,902,510	_\$	172,013	\$	1,754,740	\$	604,967
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	155,068	\$	242	\$		\$	910
Accrued and other current liabilities		198,849		-		141		=
Due to other funds						1 2 ,		<u> </u>
Total liabilities		353,917	·	Ve:	_	-		910
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		36,811		194		Ξ.		-
Restricted		-		172,013		1,754,740		604,057
Unassigned	-	4,511,782		1. 		*		
Total fund balances		4,548,593		172,013		1,754,740		604,057_
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,902,510	\$	172,013		1,754,740	\$	604,967

Totals									
	2019		2018						
\$	3,025,206	\$	8,152,202						
	4,025,886 52,130		3,602,208 36,150 86,125						
	294,197 21,125 15,686		315,847 9,948 18,350						
_\$	7,434,230	\$	12,220,830						
\$	155,978 198,849 	\$	250,514 154,848 86,125						
	354,827		491,487						
	36,811 2,530,810 4,511,782 7,079,403		28,298 7,024,655 4,676,390 11,729,343						
\$	7,079,403	\$	12,220,830						

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

	 2019		2018
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION			
Total fund balances as shown on previous page	\$ 7,079,403	\$	11,729,343
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial			
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	35,911,113		36,289,528
Some deferred outflows and inflows of resources reflect changes in long-term liabilities and are not reported in the funds.			
Loss on advance refunding	857,739		1,048,347
Deferred outflows related to pensions	5,211,169		2,804,638
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(2,811,505)		(3,306,637)
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	119,931		131,618
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	(217,097)		(27,481)
Gain on debt refunding	(70,255)		17.
Long-term asset are not considered available; therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net pension asset	1. 1.		1,663,451
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Bonds and notes payable	(22,610,000)		(29,790,000)
Capital leases			(20,120)
Premium on debt	(479,224)		(653,477)
Other postemployment benefits liability	(901,051)		(1,139,423)
Net pension liability	(2,017,757)		-
Accrued interest on long-term obligations	(192,300)	-	(293,500)
Net position of governmental activities as reported on the statement			
of net position (see page 4)	\$ 19,880,166	\$	18,436,287

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Non-Referendum Debt Service	Referendum Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 8,410,626	\$ 89,000	\$ 4,138,981	\$ 51,000
Other local sources	527,137	66,291	16,563	510,915
Interdistrict sources	864,236	201	22	15
Intermediate sources	8,839	545	200	543 (H
State sources	5,819,431	÷.,	-	19,301
Federal sources	431,817			8,249
Other sources	46,939		12	
Total revenues	16,109,025	155,291	4,155,544	589,465
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Regular instruction	4,310,532	(a)	(in)	÷:
Vocational instruction	1,141,941		-	
Special education instruction	1,693,468			-
Other instruction	1,171,736		÷	2
Total instruction	8,317,677	·		
Support services	0,517,077	· <u></u>		
Pupil services	935,593	12	2	2
•	1,252,302		8	9,450
Instructional staff services				
General administration services	416,106		-	130
School administration services	527,866	17.		35,536
Business services	360,508			
Operations and maintenance of plant	1,980,303	-	-	822,469
Pupil transportation services	730,499	S#1	2	2
Food services	(A)	041	-	464,300
Central services	64,684			8
Insurance	149,033		*	25
Other support services	496,179		2	
Total support services	6,913,073	1	2	1,331,910
Debt service	(*************************************			o
Principal	20,120		3,560,000	×
Interest and fiscal charges	520	247,937	550,132	-
Total debt service	20,640	247,937	4,110,132	· · ·
Community service		-	-	74,315
Non-program	-		7 - · · · ·	
General tuition payments	900,806	2	÷	а 2
Co-curricular cooperative program	6,373	-	-	
Special education tuition payments	104,072	-		
Adjustments and refunds	1,028	<u> </u>		<u>.</u>
	8,400	5		
Voucher payments	3,043			0.450
Revenue transits to others	1,023,722			9,450
Total non-program		247.027		9,450
Total expenditures	16,275,112	247,937	4,110,132	1,415,675
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(166,087)	(92,646)	45,412	(826,210)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Long-term debt issued	×	3	9	9 (H
Premium on debt issued		8	2	-
Payment to current bondholder	*	(3,620,000)		25
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	9,591	×	2	2
Transfers in	401	2	3	÷
Transfers out		*		(401)
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,992	(3,620,000)		(401)
Net change in fund balances	(156,095)		45,412	(826,611)
Fund balances - July 1	4,704,688		1,709,328	1,430,668
Fund balances - June 30	\$ 4,548,593		\$ 1,754,740	\$ 604,057
	•>>			

	Totals							
_	2019		_	2018				
¢	12 600 60	7	\$	12,169,231				
\$	12,689,60 1,120,90		-Þ	979,863				
	864,23			1,164,478				
	8,83			17,742				
				6,105,866				
	5,838,73 440,06			354,131				
	440,00			46,102				
-			-					
	21,009,32	5		20,837,413				
	1 240 52	2		4 550 000				
	4,310,53			4,559,893				
	1,141,94			1,130,729				
	1,693,46			1,670,956				
-	1,171,73	_		829,034				
	8,317,67	/		8,190,612				
	935,59	3		927,116				
	1,261,75			1,149,685				
	416,23	6		379,139				
	563,40			629,945				
	360,50	8		355,998				
	2,802,77	2		2,253,523				
	730,49	19		690,819				
	464,30	0		653,606				
	64,68	4		408,772				
	149,05	8		141,599				
-	496,17	9	_	112,384				
-	8,244,98	3		7,702,586				
	3,580,12	20		3,524,314				
	798,58	39		787,559				
	4,378,70)9		4,311,873				
	74,31		_	72,028				
	900,80)6		810,151				
	6,37			25,278				
	104,07			56,931				
	1,02			955				
	8,40			555				
	12,49			-				
	1,033,17		-	893,315				
_	22,048,85	-	-	21,170,414				
			-					
-	(1,039,5	51)	-	(333,001)				
		×		3,560,000				
		•		198,826				
	(3,620,00			27				
	9,5	91		2,100				
		01		3				
-		01)		2 700 020				
-	(3,610,4)			3,760,926				
	(4,649,9) 11 729 3			3,427,925 8,301,418				
-	11,729,34		*					
_\$	7,079,4	03	\$	11,729,343				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20178

				2018
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES				
Net change in fund balances as shown on previous page	\$	(4,649,940)	\$	3,427,925
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital assets reported as capital outlay in the governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Net book value of disposals		770,183 (1,145,112) (3,486)		76,975 (1,090,273)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.				
Long-term debt issued Premium on debt issued		-		(3,560,000) (198,826)
Principal repaid Capital leases paid		7,180,000 20,120		3,505,000 19,314
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:				
Accrued interest on long-term debt		101,200		(55,100)
Amortization of premiums, discounts and loss on advance refunding		(86,610)		(92,164)
Net pension asset		(1,663,451)		1,663,451 450,495
Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(2,017,757) 2,406,531		450,495 (440,338)
Deferred outlows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		495,132		(1,877,558)
Other postemployment benefits		238,372		80,277
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		(11,687)		28,161
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		(189,616)		(27,481)
Change in net position of governmental activities as reported in the				
statement of activities (see pages 5 - 6)	\$	1,443,879	\$	1,909,858

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

	Private Benefit					Tot	tals		
		Trust	Pupil Activity		2019			2018	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	138,633	\$	168,609	\$	307,242	\$	290,616 348	
Total assets	-	138,633		168,609		307,242		290,964	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		8		10,452		10,452		2. 	
Due to student organizations	. <u></u>	-		158,157		158,157		138,019	
Total liabilities				168,609	1.	168,609		138,019	
NET POSITION Restricted	\$	138,633	\$	-	\$	138,633		152,945	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE BENEFIT TRUST FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2019	2018
ADDITIONS Other local sources	\$ 6,217	\$ 8,397
DEDUCTIONS Trust fund disbursements	20,529	11,900
Change in net position	(14,312)	(3,503)
Net position - July 1	152,945	156,448
Net position - June 30	\$ 138,633	\$ 152,945

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Wilmot Union High School District, Wilmot, Wisconsin (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The District is organized as a unified school district. The District, governed by an elected seven member board, operates grades 9 through 12 and is comprised of all or parts of seven taxing districts. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the District and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the District. The District has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Governmental funds include general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds.. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Funds

These funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal, interest, and related costs on longterm general obligation debt of governmental funds. The Referendum Debt Service fund accounts for transactions for the repayment of debt that were authorized by an approved referendum. The Non-referendum Debt Service Fund accounts for transactions for repayment of debt approved by school board resolution.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- ► The *private-benefit trust fund* is used to account for resources legally held in trust for scholarship awards. Only earnings on the invested resources may be used to support the scholarships.
- ▶ The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student and parent organizations in an *agency fund*.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year for which taxes have been levied. Tuition, grants, fees and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the District.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

2. Property Taxes

The aggregate District tax levy is apportioned and certified in November of the current fiscal year for collection to comprising municipalities based on the immediate past October 1 full or "equalized" taxable property values. As permitted by a collecting municipality's ordinance, taxes must be paid in full or in two or more installments with the first installment payable the subsequent January 31 and a final payment no later than the following July 31. On or before January 15, and by the 20th of each subsequent month thereafter, the District is paid by the collecting municipalities its proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month. On or before August 20, the county treasurer makes full settlement to the District for any remaining balance.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year levied as they are considered due as of January 1, the date from which interest and penalties accrue for non-payment of a scheduled installment, and full receipt of the entire levy is assured within sixty days of fiscal year end, meeting the availability criteria necessary for property tax revenue recognition by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements.

4. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements.

5. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items and are expensed in the periods benefited.

Prepaid items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are classified as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of a year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
Assets	Years
Land improvements	20-50
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

8. Long-term Obligations

In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Qualifying teachers and administrators are provided with other postemployment benefits. The OPEB is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, related deferred outflows and inflows and OPEB expense, the District has used values provided by their actuary. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

11. Fund Equity

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the Board of Education. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the Board of Education using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of District management. The Board of Education has authorized the District Administrator and the Business Manager to assign fund balance. Residual amounts in any governmental fund, other than the General Fund, are also reported as assigned.
- Unassigned fund balance. Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are only reported in the General Fund.

The District has adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. Where applicable, the policy requires restricted funds to be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

District-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets. Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted net position. Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position. Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

E. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. PRIOR YEAR INFORMATION

Comparative amounts for the prior year have been presented in the basic financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. The comparative amounts may be summarized in total and not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017, from which the summarized information was derived.

G. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the presentation in the current year financial statements with no change in previously reported net position, changes in net position, fund balance or changes in fund balance.

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The debt service funds account for their transactions through separate and distinct bank and investment accounts as required by State Statutes. In addition, the agency fund uses separate and distinct accounts. All other funds share in common bank and investment accounts.

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool. Investments in the private-purpose trust fund may be invested in other types of investments as authorized user Wisconsin Statute 881.01, "Uniform Prudent Investor Act".

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

The carrying amount of the District's cash and investments totaled \$3,332,448 on June 30, 2019 as summarized below:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 164,656
Investments Repurchase agreement Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 100,004 3,010,823 56,965 3,332,448
Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:	
Government-wide statement of net position Cash and investments Fiduciary fund statement of net position	\$ 3,025,206
Private-benefit trust fund Agency fund	 138,633 168,609
	\$ 3,332,448

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District has the following fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

	Fair Value Measurements Using:						
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		
Investments							
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	\$	56,965	\$			

Deposits and investments of the District are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the District's deposits and investments and the related risks.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The District does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interestbearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Deposits with credit unions are insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) in the amount of \$250,000 per credit union member. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2019, all of the District's deposits with financial institutions were covered by federal and state depository insurance limits. The District also has an agreement with one of its financial institutions where a third-party trust company holds collateral available to the District.

On June 30, 2019, the District held repurchase agreement investments of \$100,004 of which the underlying securities are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investment in securities to the top two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Presented below is the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

Exempt from							Not		
Investment Type		Amount	Di	sclosure	A	AA	Aa		Rated
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	56,965	\$	56,965	\$	5	\$ 100	\$	
Wisconsin Local Government									
Investment Pool		3,010,823					 		3,010,823
Totals	\$	3,067,788	\$	56,965	\$	-	\$	\$	3,010,823

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)						
Investment Type	Amount	1	2 Months or Less		to 24 onths		to 60 onths		ore Than Months
U.S. Treasury securities Repurchase agreement	\$ 56,965 100,004	\$	100,004	\$	-	\$	त्र स	\$	56,965
Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool Totals	\$ 3,010,823 3,167,792	\$	3,010,823 3,110,827	\$		\$	-	\$	56,965

Investment in Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool

The District has investments in the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP") of \$3,010,823 at year-end. The LGIP is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At June 30, 2019, the fair value of the District's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the carrying value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land	\$ 710,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 710,000
Capital assets, depreciable: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles Subtotals	91,033 53,867,257 1,897,087 211,638 56,067,015	687,646 50,955 <u>31,582</u> 770,183	92,423 134,325	778,679 53,867,257 1,855,619 201,318 56,702,873
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles Subtotals Total capital assets, depreciable, net	91,033 18,864,679 1,401,961 129,814 20,487,487 35,579,528	69,542 952,457 104,743 18,370 1,145,112 (374,929)	88,937 41,902 130,839 3,486	160,575 19,817,136 1,417,767 106,282 21,501,760 35,201,113
Governmental activities capital assets, net Less: Capital related debt Less: Debt premium Less: Gain on debt refinancing Add: Loss on advance refunding Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$ 36,289,528</u>	<u>\$ (374,929)</u>	<u>\$ 3,486</u>	35,911,113 22,610,000 479,224 70,255 857,739 \$ 13,609,373

The District's capital assets are shared by many governmental functions. Accordingly, it was not considered practical to allocate depreciation expense.

C. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The District's cooperative package special revenue fund transferred \$401 to reimburse the general fund for services provided.

D. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the District for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Beginning Balance	 ssued	 Retired	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation debt					
Bonds	\$ 29,790,000	\$ 100	\$ 7,180,000	\$ 22,610,000	\$ 3,630,000
Debt premium	653,477	8552	174,253	479,224	92,289
Capital leases	20,120	30 7 2	 20,120	-	
Governmental activities Long-term obligations	* \$ 30,463,597	\$ -	\$ 7,374,373	\$ 23,089,224	\$ 3,722,289

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$798,068,

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	Balance
	Issue	Maturity	Rates	Indebtedness	06/30/19
Taxable general obligation refunding bonds	09/15/15	03/01/24	1.35 - 3.02%	\$ 28,215,000	\$ 19,050,000
General obligation refunding bonds	09/14/17	03/01/25	2.50%	3,560,000	3,560,000
Total outstanding general obligation debt					\$ 22,610,000

Total outstanding general obligation debt

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$22,610,000 on June 30, 2019 are detailed below:

Year Ended	Governmental Activities					
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2020	\$ 3,630,000	\$ 576,832	\$ 4,206,832			
2021	3,705,000	502,417	4,207,417			
2022	3,795,000	419,054	4,214,054			
2023	3,900,000	320,384	4,220,384			
2024	4,020,000	210,404	4,230,404			
2025	3,560,000	89,000	3,649,000			
	\$ 22,610,000	\$ 2,118,091	\$ 24,728,091			

For governmental activities, the other long-term liabilities are generally funded by the General Fund.

Legal Margin for New Debt

The District's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on June 30, 2019 was \$204,424,332 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the District Statutory limitation percentage			\$ 2,253,959,950 (x) 10%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes			225,395,995
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation Less: Amounts available for financing general obligation debt	\$	22,610,000	
Debt service funds ⁽¹⁾	-	1,638,337	
Net outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation Legal margin for new debt			20,971,663 \$ 204,424,332

⁽¹⁾ Less interest due of \$288,416 in 2019

E. PENSION PLAN

WRS Pension Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service. The factors influencing the benefit are 1) final average earnings, 2) years of creditable service, and 3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive an actuariallyreduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2009	(2.1)%	(42)%
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the executives and elected officials category was merged into the general employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, WRS recognized \$576,174 in contributions from the District.

Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers, executives and elected officials)	6.7%	6.7%
Protective with Social Security	6.7%	10.7%
Protective without Social Security	6.7%	14.9%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,017,757 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to December 31, 2018. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.05671543%, which was an increase of 0.00069035% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,360,904.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,571,525	\$	2,777,894	
Net differences between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		2,946,796		2	
Changes in assumptions		340,120		<u></u>	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share					
of contributions		3,984		33,611	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		348,744		<u> </u>	
Total	\$	5,211,169	\$	2,811,505	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

\$348,744 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2 a	Expense				
\$	745,237				
	178,675				
	322,093				
	804,915				
\$	2,050,920				
	\$				

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date:	December 31, 2017
Measurement date of net pension liability (asset):	December 31, 2018
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age
Asset valuation method:	Fair Value
Long-term expected rate of return:	7.0%
Discount rate:	7.0%
Salary increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table
Post-retirement adjustments*	1.9%

 No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2015 using experience from 2012 - 2014. The total pension liability for December 31, 2018 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

	Current Asset Allocation %	Long-term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Core Fund Asset Class			
Global equities	49%	8.1%	5.5%
Fixed income	24.5%	4.0%	1.5%
Inflation sensitive assets	15.5%	3.8%	1.3%
Real estate	9%	6.5%	3.9%
Private equity/debt	8%	9.4%	6.7%
Multi-asset	4%	6.7%	4.1%
Total Core Fund	110%	7.3%	4.7%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. equities	70%	7.6%	5.0%
International equities	30%	8.5%	5.9%
Total Variable Fund	100%	8.0%	5.4%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.0% was used to measure the total pension liability. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.0% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.9% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	 Decrease to scount Rate (6.0%)	Di	Current scount Rate (7.0%)	6 Increase to iscount Rate (8.0%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 8,018,778	\$	2,017,757	\$ (2,444,467)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

F. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health plan that covers retired employees of the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The Plan does not issue separate financial statements. Eligible retired employees have access to group medical coverage through the District's group plan. District paid medical benefits are paid for as indicated below. All employees of the District are eligible for the Plan if they meet the following age and service requirements below.

Benefits Provided

Teachers retired prior to July 1, 2012:

Continued medical coverage subsidized by the District based on rate in effect the year following the year of retirement. Retiree may elect to remain on District's group medical plan upon exhaustion of District provided medical benefit provided they self-pay the full amount (100%) of the required premiums.

Administrators retired prior to July 1, 2015:

Continued medical coverage subsidized by the District based on rate in effect the year following the year of retirement for a period of 3 years or until death of retiree. Retiree may elect to remain on District's group medical plan upon exhaustion of District provided medical benefit provided they self-pay the full amount (100%) of the required premiums.

Administrators retiring on or after July 1, 2015, Teachers retiring on or after July 1, 2012 and Support Staff:

Retiree may elect to remain on the Districts group medical plan provided they self-pay the full amount (100%) of the required premiums.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	20
Active employees	132
	152

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial valuation date: Measurement date: Actuarial cost method: Healthcare cost trend rates:	June 30, 2018 June 30, 2018 Entry Age Normal (level percentage of salary) 7.50% decreasing by 0.50% per year down to 6.50%, then by 0.10% per year down to 5.0%, and level thereafter.
Discount rate: Inflation:	3.75% 2.50%
Actuarial assumptions:	Based on an experience study conducted in 2015 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experiences from 2012 - 2014
Mortality assumptions:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2015 fully generated improvement scale
Salary increases:	Ranges from 0.2% to 5.6%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at July 1, 2018	\$	1,139,423	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		66,445	
Interest		38,739	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(57,624)	
Changes of assumptions or other input		(154,314)	
Benefit payments		(131,618)	
Net changes		(238,372)	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	901,051	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75%) than the current rate:

	 Decrease to scount Rate	Current count Rate	Increase to scount Rate
	(2.75%)	 (3.75%)	(4.75%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 948,840	\$ 901,051	\$ 856,043

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Heal	thcare Cost		
	% Decrease 5% decreasing	(7.5%	end Rates 6 decreasing	(8.5%	6 Increase 6 decreasing
	to 4.0%)	t	o 5.0%)		to 6.0%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 840,994	\$	901,051	\$	970,576

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$82,862. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ ÷	\$	52,385	
Changes in assumptions	2		164,712	
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	119,930		1	
Total	\$ 119,930	\$	217,097	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

\$119,930 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in other postemployment benefits expense as follows:

 Expense		
\$ (22,322)		
(22,322)		
(22,322)		
(22,322)		
(22,322)		
 (105,487)		
\$ (217,097)		
\$		

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contribution to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

G. FUND EQUITY

Nonspendable Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of the governmental fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At June 30, 2019, nonspendable fund balance was as follows:

Nonspendable	
General fund	
Prepaid items	\$ 21,125
Assets held for resale	15,686
Total general fund nonspendable fund balance	\$ 36,811

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Restricted Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. At June 30, 2019, restricted fund balance was as follows:

Special Revenue Funds		
Restricted for	đ	1 407
Donations	\$	1,487
Food service program		43,339
Community service programs		64,316
Total Special Revenue Funds		109,142
Debt Service Funds Restricted for Debt service		1,926,753
Capital Projects Fund		
Restricted for		
Capital expansion		494,915
Total restricted fund balance	\$	2,530,810

Minimum General Fund Balance Policy

The District has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy of 18% of General Fund Operating Expenditures. The minimum fund balance amount is calculated as follows:

Actual 2018-2019 General Fund (fund 10 and 27) operating expenditures	\$ 16,275,112
Minimum fund balance %	(x) 18%
Minimum fund balance amount	\$ 2,929,520

The District's unassigned General Fund balance of \$4,511,782 is above the minimum fund balance amount.

Restricted Fiduciary Fund Net Position

In the fund financial statements, portions of fiduciary fund net position are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. At June 30, 2019, restricted fiduciary fund net position was as follows:

Fiduciary Fund Restricted for Scholarships

\$ 138,633

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Net Position

The District reports restricted net position at June 30, 2019 as follows:

Governmental activities	
Restricted for	
Donations	\$ 1,487
Food service program	43,339
Community service programs	64,316
Debt service	1,734,453
Capital expansion	494,915
Total governmental activities restricted net position	\$ 2,338,510

NOTE 3: OTHER INFORMATION

A.RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The District completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage.

B. CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the District's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

From time to time, the District is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

C. LIMITATION ON SCHOOL DISTRICT REVENUES

Wisconsin Statutes limit the amount of revenues a school district may derive from general school aids and property taxes unless a higher amount is approved by a referendum.

This limitation does not apply to revenue needed for payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by referendum prior to August 12, 1993.
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993.

D.UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities and addresses financial reporting for these activities. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Variance Final Budget -
	Original	idget Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				(itegative)
Property taxes	\$ 8,410,626	\$ 8,410,626	\$ 8,410,626	\$
Other local sources	407,000	407,000	527,137	120,137
Interdistrict sources	875,403	875,403	858,942	(16,461)
Intermediate sources	2*		2,500	2,500
State sources	5,230,857	5,230,857	5,237,251	6,394
Federal sources	204,321	204,321	233,758	29,437
Other sources	60,000	60,000	46,939	(13,061)
Total revenues	15,188,207	15,188,207	15,317,153	128,946
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	1 625 746	1625 746	1 210 522	325,214
Regular instruction	4,635,746 1,146,701	4,635,746 1,146,701	4,310,532 1,141,941	4,760
Vocational instruction	846,190	846,190	1,171,736	(325,546)
Other instruction Total instruction	6,628,637		6,624,209	4,428
Support services		0,020,031	0,024,205	
Pupil services	723,267	723,267	713,965	9,302
Instructional staff services	977,407	977,407	1,024,093	(46,686)
General administration services	403,456	403,456	416,106	(12,650)
School administration services	524,852	524,852	527,866	(3,014)
Business services	370,965	370,965	360,508	10,457
Operations and maintenance of plant	1,881,955	1,881,955	1,980,112	(98,157)
Pupil transportation services	472,370		497,074	(24,704)
Central services	493,619		56,615	437,004
Insurance	147,118	147,118	149,033	(1,915)
Other support services	78,786		495,309	(416,523)
Total support services	6,073,795	6,073,795	6,220,681	(146,886)
Debt service				
Principal	20,120		20,120	26
Interest and fiscal charges	520		520	<u></u>
Total debt service	20,640	20,640	20,640	
Non-program	804,801	804,801	900,806	(96,005)
General tuition payments	12,000		6,373	5,627
Co-curricular cooperative program Adjustments and refunds	12,000	12,000	1,028	(1,028)
Voucher payments			8,400	(8,400)
Revenue transits to others			3,043	(3,043)
Total non-program	816,80	816,801	919,650	(102,849)
Total expenditures	13,539,873	13,539,873	13,785,180	(245,307)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,648,334	1,648,334	1,531,973	(116,361)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,000) 4,000	9,591	5,591
Transfers in		8 (*	401	401
Transfers out	(1,828,280)) (1,828,280)	(1,698,060)	130,220
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,824,280)) (1,824,280)	(1,688,068)	136,212
Net change in fund balance	(175,946	5) (175,946)	(156,095)	19,851
Fund balance - July 1	4,704,688	4,704,688	4,704,688	
Fund balance - June 30	\$ 4,528,742	2 \$ 4,528,742	\$ 4,548,593	\$ 19,851
	32 			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Bud	get				Fina P	ariance I Budget - ositive
	Or	riginal		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Interdistrict sources	\$	1	\$	<u> </u>	\$	5,294	\$	5,294
Intermediate sources		12,000		12,000		6,339		(5,661)
State sources		537,000		537,000		582,180		45,180
Federal sources		170,771		170,771		198,059		27,288
Total revenues	1	719,771		719,771	-	791,872		72,101
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction								
Special education instruction		1,770,864		1,770,864		1,693,468		77,396
Support services								
Pupil services		272,096		272,096		221,628		50,468
Instructional staff services		206,891		206,891		228,209		(21,318)
Operations and maintenance of plant		-		54).		191		(191)
Pupil transportation services		228,200		228,200		233,425		(5,225)
Central services		13,000		13,000		8,069		4,931
Other support services	5 <u> </u>	-		-	-	870	-	(870)
Total support services	-	720,187		720,187		692,392		27,795
Non-program		57.000		57.000		104.072		(47.072)
Special education tuition payments	7	57,000		57,000		104,072		(47,072)
Total expenditures		2,548,051		2,548,051		2,489,932		58,119
Excess of revenues under expenditures	_	(1,828,280)		(1,828,280)	-	(1,698,060)) <u>.</u>	130,220
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in		1,828,280		1,828,280		1,698,060	·	(130,220)
Net change in fund balance				*				-
Fund balance - July 1						æ,		
Fund balance - June 30	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	- ,

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

	2019	2018	2018
Total OPEB liability	 2019	 2010	 2010
Service cost	\$ 66,445	\$ 71,251	\$ 71,252
Interest	38,739	35,314	36,633
Changes of benefit terms	=	÷:	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(57,624)	=	(-)
Changes of assumptions	(154,314)	(30,535)	-
Benefit payments	(131,618)	(156,307)	 (147,335)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(238,372)	(80,277)	(39,450)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 1,139,423	1,219,700	1,259,150
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 901,051	\$ 1,139,423	\$ 1,219,700
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,349,449	\$ 6,094,419	\$ 6,094,419
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.79%	18.70%	20.01%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the current fiscal year end. Amounts for prior years were not available.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 MEASUREMENT YEARS

Plan Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	SI N	oportionate hare of the et Pension bility (Asset)	_	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
12/31/14	0.05295540%	\$	(1,300,730)	\$	7,267,174	17.90%	102.74%
12/31/15	0.05314649%		8,636,220		7,703,273	112.11%	98.20%
12/31/16	0.05465590%		450,495		8,145,634	5.53%	99.12%
12/31/17	0.05602508%		(1,663,451)		8,322,992	19.99%	102.93%
12/31/18	0.05671543%		2,017,757		8,661,675	23.30%	96.45%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending	F	Contractually Required Contributions		ributions in ation to the atractually acquired atributions	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/15	\$	511,678	\$	511,678	\$ -	\$ 7,439,943	6.88%
6/30/16		535,844		535,844	.=	8,025,064	6.68%
6/30/17		547,405		547,405		8,144,633	6.72%
6/30/18		579,668		579,668		8,601,139	6.74%
6/30/19		576,174		576,174	-	8,717,451	6.61%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2019

A. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefit terms. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The Plan does not issue separate financial statements.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end. The District is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

B. WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the WRS.

The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year. The District is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

C. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year for all governmental funds in accordance with Section 65.90 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Budgetary expenditure control is exercised at the function level. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by Board of Education resolution.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements.

- Based upon requests from District staff, District administration recommends budget proposals to the Board of Education.
- ► The Board of Education prepares a proposed budget including proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the July 1 through June 30 fiscal year.
- A public notice is published containing a summary of the budget and identifying the time and place where a public hearing will be held on the proposed budget.
- > Pursuant to the public budget hearing, the Board of Education may make alterations to the proposed budget.
- Once the Board of Education (following the public hearing) adopts the budget, no changes may be made in the amount of tax to be levied or in the amount of the various appropriations and the purposes of such appropriations unless authorized by a 2/3 vote of the entire Board of Education.
- Appropriations lapse at year end unless authorized as a carryover by the Board of Education. The portion of fund balance representing carryover appropriations is reported as a committed or assigned fund balance in the fund financial statements.
- Encumbrance accounting is used by the District as an extension of formal budgetary control during the year.
- The DPI requires the District to separate special education revenues and expenditures from other General Fund amounts.

The District did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, except the District adopts a budget for the special education special revenue fund. An explanation of the differences between Revenues, Expenditures, and Other Financing Sources (Uses) for budgetary funds on budgetary fund basis and a GAAP General Fund basis is summarized below:

		General		Special Education
Revenues Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Reclassification of special education	\$	15,317,153 791,872 16,109,025	\$	791,872 (791,872)
Total revenues Expenditures	-			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Reclassification of special education Total expenditures		13,785,180 2,489,932 16,275,112		2,489,932 (2,489,932) -
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	2			(1.000.000)
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Reclassification of special education Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,531,973 (1,698,060) (166,087)	_	(1,698,060) <u>1,698,060</u>
Other financing sources (uses) Actual amounts (budgetary basis) Reclassification of special education Total other financing sources (uses)	2 	(1,688,068) 1,698,060 9,992		1,698,060 (1,698,060) -
Net change in fund balance Actual amounts (budgetary basis)		(156,095)		-
Fund balance - July 1 Actual amounts (budgetary basis)		4,548,593		÷.
Fund balance - June 30 Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	\$	4,392,498	_\$	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

				Special	Revenu	le
	Don	Donations		Food Service	Co	mmunity Service
ASSETS	ŕ	1 407	đ	44.240	¢	14 226
Cash and investments Receivables	\$	1,487	\$	44,249	\$	14,226
Taxes Accounts				(T) 		50,000 90
Total assets		1,487	\$	44,249	\$	64,316
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable	_\$		\$	910	\$	
Fund balances Restricted		1,487		43,339		64,316
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,487	\$	44,249	\$	64,316

Cooperative Package		F	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$	-	\$	493,915	\$	553,877	
	-	-	1,000		51,000 90	
\$		\$	494,915		604,967	
\$	<u>~</u>	_\$	<u>`</u>	\$	910	
	-		494,915		604,057	
\$	12	\$	494,915	\$	604,967	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Special F	Revenu	e		
	÷			Food	Community		Cooperative	
	Dor	nations		Service	Service		Package	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	17. N	\$	-71	\$	50,000	\$	
Other local sources		1,617		461,376		40,720		
State sources						=		19,301
Federal sources				8,249		<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>
Total revenues		1,617		469,625		90,720		19,301
EXPENDITURES								
Support services								
Instructional staff services				(- : :		÷		9,450
General administration services		130		1.00		-		.
School administration services						35,536		-
Operations and maintenance of plant				48,200		-		8
Food services		:+:		464,300		×		×
Insurance		×.		-		25		-
Total support services		130		512,500		35,561		9,450
Community service		-		<u> </u>		74,315		
Non-program	-							
Revenue transits to others		-		<u> </u>			-	9,450
Total expenditures		130		512,500		109,876		18,900
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,487	-	(42,875)	<u>.</u>	(19,156)		401
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out				÷	-			(401)
Net change in fund balances		1,487		(42,875)		(19,156)		
Fund balances - July 1		-		86,214	<u>.</u>	83,472	-	
Fund balances - June 30		1,487	\$	43,339	\$	64,316	\$	

Capital Projects Capital Expansion	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 1,000 7,202	\$
8,202	589,465
- 774,269 - 774,269 - - - 774,269 (766,067)	9,450 130 35,536 822,469 464,300 25 1,331,910 74,315 9,450 1,415,675 (826,210)
	(401)
(766,067)	(826,611)
<u>1,260,982</u> <u>\$ 494,915</u>	<u>1,430,668</u> <u>\$ 604,057</u>

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES PUPIL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance /1/2018	Additions		D	eletions	Balance 6/30/2019	
ASSETS Cash	\$ 138,019	\$	372,524	\$	341,934	\$	168,609
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to student organizations	\$ 138,019	\$	274,058 310,051_	\$	263,606 289,913	\$	10,452 158,157
Total liabilities	 138,019	\$	584,109	_\$	553,519	\$	168,609

ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Independent auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Education Wilmot Union High School District Wilmot, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wilmot Union High School District, Wilmot, Wisconsin (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2019.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying summary of audit results as item 2019-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



WILMOT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT'S RESPONSE TO FINDING

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying summary of audit results. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin November 26, 2019

FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS



Independent auditors' report on compliance for each major state program and on internal control over compliance required by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction

To the Board of Education Wilmot Union High School District Wilmot, Wisconsin

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM

We have audited Wilmot Union High School District's (the "District's") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's major state programs are identified in the accompanying summary of auditors' results.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the compliance requirements of the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction in the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*. Those standards and compliance requirements require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

OPINION ON EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin November 26, 2019

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Grantor Agency/Federal Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Agency	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	(Accrued) Deferred Revenue 7/1/18	Cash Received (Refunded)	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 6/30/19	Total Expenditures	Subrecipient Payments
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster Special Milk Program for Children	10.556	WI DPI	2019-306545-SMP-548	\$	\$8,249	<u>s</u> -	<u>\$ 8,249</u>	<u> </u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	WI DPI WI DPI	2018-306545-Title I-141 2019-306545-TIA-141	(32,271)	32,271 26,578	73,707	100,285	
Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States Total Special Education Grants to States	84.027 84.027 84.027	WI DPI WI DPI WI DPI	2018-306545-IDEA-341 2019-306545-IDEA-FT-341 2019-306545-IDEA-FT-341	(43,589) 	43,589 101,684 <u>19,355</u> 164,628	77,020	178,704 <u>19,355</u> 198,059	. <u> </u>
Carl Perkins Act Formula Allocation Grant Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title IV-A Student Support and Acad Enrich Grant	84.048 84.367 84.424	WI DPI WI DPI WI DPI	2019-306545-CTE-400 2019-306545-TIIA-365 2019-306545-TIVA-381		10,517	23,711 11,075 14,515	23,711 21,592 14,515_	
Total U.S. Department of Education				(75,860)	233,994_	200,028	358,162	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Medicaid Cluster Medical Assistance Program	93.778	WI DHS	44202800		57,587	16,068	73,655	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS				<u>\$ (75,860)</u>	<u>\$_299,830</u>	<u>\$ 216,096</u>	<u>\$ 440,066</u>	<u> </u>

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Grantor Agency/State Program Title	State I.D. Number	Pass-Through Agency	State Pass-Through Identifying Number	(Accrued) Deferred Revenue 7/1/18	Cash Received (Refunded)	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 6/30/19	Total Expenditures	Subrecipient Payments
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION								
Special Education and School Age Parents	255.101	Direct Program	306545-100	\$ -	\$ 501,777	\$ -	\$ 501.777	\$ -
Special Education and School Age Parents	255.101	Westosha Central High School	N/A	ý (998)	6,292	- 34	5,294	
Special Education and School Age Parents	255.101	CESA #2	N/A	()	6,339	370	6,339	G
Total Special Education and School Age Parents	233.101	010,1112	,	(998)	514,408	-	513,410	
Common School Fund Library Aid	255.103	Direct Program	306545-104		56,034	÷	56,034	
General Transportation Aid	255.107	Direct Program	306545-102		29,601		29,601	
Equalization Aids	255.201	Direct Program	306545-116	(84,182)	4,307,703	71,834	4,295,355	1.00
High Cost Special Education Aid	255.210	Direct Program	306545-119	*	72,403		72,403	de la compañía de la
Personal Electronic Computing Device	255.296	Direct Program	306545-175	្ន	30,750		30,750	-
Peer Review and Mentoring	255.301	Direct Program	306545-141		19,301	3	19,301	9,450
Educator Effective Evaluation System	255.940	Direct Program	306545-154	×	6,480		6,480	6.54
Per Pupil Aid	255.945	Direct Program	306545-113	2	689,316	340	689,316	
Career and Technical Education Incentive Grants	255,950	Direct Program	306545-152		22,000	55.V	22,000	
Aid for Special Ed Transition Grant BBL	255.960	Direct Program	306545-168	×	8,000		8,000). <u> </u>
Total Department of Public Instruction				(85,180)	5,755,996	71,834	5,742,650	9,450
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE School Safety Initiative	455.206	Direct Program	2018-SS1-01-13379		16,531	3,535	20,066	
TOTAL STATE AWARDS				<u>\$ (85,180)</u>	<u>\$ 5,772,527</u>	<u>\$ 75,369</u>	<u>\$ 5,762,716</u>	<u>\$ 9,450</u>
			Reconciliation to the basic financial statements State sources Less: State sources not considered state financial assistance State tax computer aid Payment in lieu of taxes and other revenues Travel allowance State awards included in Interdistrict sources Intermediate sources			ance	\$ 5,838,732 (78,297) (9,057) (295) 5,294 6,339	
			Total expenditures of	of state awards			<u>\$ 5,762,716</u>	

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of state awards are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards for the Wilmot Union High School District are presented in accordance with the requirements of the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

The schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards include all federal and state awards of the District. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenues and expenditures in the schedules are presented in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting and are generally in agreement with revenues and expenditures reported in the District's 2019 fund financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Accrued revenue at year-end consists of federal and state program expenditures scheduled for reimbursement to the District in the succeeding year while unearned revenue represents advances for federal and state programs that exceed recorded District expenditures. Because of subsequent program adjustments, these amounts may differ from the prior year's ending balances.

The District has not elected to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total costs.

NOTE 3: SPECIAL EDUCATION AND SCHOOL AGE PARENTS PROGRAM

The 2018 - 2019 eligible costs under the State Special Education Program as reported by the District are \$2,212,736. Compiled information required by compliance requirement 1-1 of the Special Education Audit Program was reported to the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

NOTE 4: OVERSIGHT AGENCIES

The Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction is the state oversight agency for the District.

NOTE 5: PASS THROUGH ENTITIES

Federal awards have been passed through the following entities:

WI DHS - Wisconsin Department of Health Services WI DPI - Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction

SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION I: SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted? 	No Yes No
 STATE AWARDS Internal control over major state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? 	No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major state programs Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the 	None reported Unmodified
Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual? Identification of major state programs:	Yes

State I.D. Number	Name of State Programs		
	General Aids Program		
255.201	Equalization Aids		
255.945	Per Pupil Aid		

SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION II: FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FINDING NO.	CONTROL DEFICIENCIES
2019-001	Preparation of Annual Financial Report Repeat of Finding 2018-001
Condition:	Current District staff maintains accounting records which reflect the District's financial transactions; however, preparing the District's annual financial report, including note disclosures, involves the selection and application of specific accounting principles which would require additional experience and knowledge. The District contracts with us and our knowledge of applicable accounting principles, financial statement format, and note disclosures to assist in the preparation of the annual financial report in an efficient manner.
Criteria:	The preparation and review of the annual financial report by staff with expertise in financial reporting is an internal control intended to prevent, detect and correct a potential omission or misstatement in the financial statements or notes.
Cause:	District management has determined that the additional costs associated with training staff to become experienced in applicable accounting principles and note disclosures outweigh the derived benefits.
Effect:	Without our involvement, the District may not be able to completely prepare an annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
Recommendation:	We recommend the District continue reviewing the annual financial report. While it may not be cost beneficial to train additional staff to completely prepare the report, a thorough review of this information by appropriate staff of the District is necessary to obtain a complete and adequate understanding of the District's annual financial report.

SECTION III: STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are no audit findings and questioned costs required to be reported under the *Wisconsin Public School District Audit Manual* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction for the year ended June 30, 2019.

SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION IV: OTHER ISSUES

1.	Does the auditor have substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?	No
2.	Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e. material non-compliance, non-material non-compliance, questioned cost, material weakness, significant deficiencies, management letter comment, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grant/contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the <i>Wisconsin Public School District</i> <i>Audit Manual</i> :	
	Department of Health Services Department of Public Instruction	No No
3.	Was a Management Letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?	Yes

- 4. Name and signature of partner
- 5. Date of report

Davil R. Maccor

David L. Maccoux, CPA November 26, 2019

